**Title:** Banks' Florilegium.

Object number: 00032878

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032886

Title: Banks' Florilegium

HIDISCUS MERAUKENSIS, plate 23

**Date:** 1980

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

Medium: Ink on paper

Name: Engraving **History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to the Pacific was in command of HMB **ENDEAVOUR** between 1768 and 1771. The Royal Society of London petitioned King George III for an expedition to Tahiti to view the transit of Venus on 3 June 1769, and to explore the Pacific Ocean. The naturalist Joseph Banks accompanied James Cook on the voyage, and funded the employment of naturalist Daniel Carl Solander, natural history artist Sydney Parkinson, landscape artist Alexander Buchan, secretary and artist Herman Spöring, and four field assistants. The Scottish born Sydney Parkinson was known to Banks, having worked with him at the Royal Botanic Gardens at Kew. During the expedition, Parkinson made some 1,300 sketches and watercolours of specimens and landscape views. Initially, Parkinson was able to complete a sketch and watercolour of each specimen, however his workload dramatically increased after the death of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769.

As specimens were

continually collected by

Pterostylis revoluta, plate

318

**Date:** 1984

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

Medium: Ink on paper Name: Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

the Pacific was in command of HMB **ENDEAVOUR** between 1768 and 1771. The Royal Society of London

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specimens and landscape views. Initially, Parkinson was able to complete a sketch and watercolour of

each specimen, however his workload dramatically increased after the death of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769.

As specimens were continually collected by Scheinammera muitifiora,

plate 326 **Date:** 1984

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

Medium: Ink on paper Name: Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

the Pacific was in command of HMB **ENDEAVOUR** between 1768 and 1771. The Royal

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Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032810

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032811

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Leptaspis panksii, piate 337

**Date:** 1984

**Primary Maker:** Gerald

Sibelius

Medium: Ink on paper Name: Engraving

Name: Engraving **History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to the Pacific was in command of HMB **ENDEAVOUR** between 1768 and 1771. The Royal Society of London petitioned King George III for an expedition to Tahiti to view the transit of Venus on 3 June 1769, and to explore the Pacific Ocean. The naturalist Joseph Banks accompanied James Cook on the voyage, and funded the employment of naturalist Daniel Carl Solander, natural history artist Sydney Parkinson, landscape artist Alexander Buchan, secretary and artist Herman Spöring, and four field assistants. The Scottish born Sydney Parkinson was known to Banks, having worked with him at the Royal Botanic Gardens at Kew. During the expedition, Parkinson made some 1.300 sketches and watercolours of specimens and landscape views. Initially, Parkinson was able to complete a sketch and watercolour of

increased after the death of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769. As specimens were continually collected by

each specimen, however

his workload dramatically

Ajuga australis, plate ∠58

Date: 1983

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

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sketch and watercolour of each specimen, however his workload dramatically

increased after the death of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769.

As specimens were continually collected by

knagodia candolleana,

plate 259 **Date:** 1983

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

the Pacific was in command of HMB ENDEAVOUR between 1768 and 1771. The Royal

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Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032831

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032850

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Sympnionema paiudosum,

plate 271 **Date:** 1983

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

Medium: Ink on paper Name: Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to the Pacific was in command of HMB **ENDEAVOUR** between 1768 and 1771. The Royal Society of London petitioned King George III for an expedition to Tahiti to view the transit of Venus on 3 June 1769, and to explore the Pacific Ocean. The naturalist Joseph Banks accompanied James Cook on the voyage, and funded the employment of naturalist Daniel Carl Solander, natural history artist Sydney Parkinson, landscape artist Alexander Buchan, secretary and artist Herman Spöring, and four field assistants. The Scottish born Sydney Parkinson was known to Banks, having worked with him at the Royal Botanic Gardens at Kew. During the expedition, Parkinson made some 1,300 sketches and watercolours of specimens and landscape views. Initially, Parkinson was able to complete a sketch and watercolour of each specimen, however

his workload dramatically increased after the death of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769. As specimens were

Grevillea pteriditolia, piate

277

**Date:** 1983

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

Medium: Ink on paper Name: Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

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his workload dramatically increased after the death of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769.

As specimens were

continually collected by

Anthopolus filifolius, plate

293

**Date:** 1983

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

Medium: Ink on paper Name: Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

the Pacific was in command of HMB ENDEAVOUR between 1768 and 1771. The Royal

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Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032857

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032858

**Title:** Banks' Florilegium.

Cnamaesyce macgiiiivrayi,

plate 298 **Date:** 1983

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to the Pacific was in command of HMB **ENDEAVOUR** between 1768 and 1771. The Royal Society of London petitioned King George III for an expedition to Tahiti to view the transit of Venus on 3 June 1769, and to explore the Pacific Ocean. The naturalist Joseph Banks accompanied James Cook on the voyage, and funded the employment of naturalist Daniel Carl Solander, natural history artist Sydney Parkinson, landscape artist Alexander Buchan, secretary and artist Herman Spöring, and four field assistants. The Scottish born Sydney Parkinson was known to Banks, having worked with him at the Royal Botanic Gardens at Kew. During the expedition, Parkinson made some 1,300 sketches and watercolours of specimens and landscape views. Initially, Parkinson was able to complete a sketch and watercolour of each specimen, however

his workload dramatically increased after the death of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769. As specimens were Beyeria tristigma, piate 300

Date: 1983

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

Medium: Ink on paper Name: Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

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four field assistants. The Scottish born Sydney Parkinson was known to Banks, having worked with him at the Royal Botanic Gardens at Kew. During

artist Herman Spöring, and

the expedition, Parkinson made some 1,300 sketches and watercolours of

specimens and landscape views. Initially, Parkinson was able to complete a

sketch and watercolour of each specimen, however his workload dramatically increased after the death

of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769. As specimens were

continually collected by

retaiostigma panksii, piate

301

Date: 1983 Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

the Pacific was in command of HMB ENDEAVOUR between 1768 and 1771. The Royal

Society of London

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Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032865

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032866

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Pnyllantnus nepecarpus,

plate 302 **Date:** 1983

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to the Pacific was in command of HMB **ENDEAVOUR** between 1768 and 1771. The Royal Society of London petitioned King George III for an expedition to Tahiti to view the transit of Venus on 3 June 1769, and to explore the Pacific Ocean. The naturalist Joseph Banks accompanied James Cook on the voyage, and funded the employment of naturalist Daniel Carl Solander, natural history artist Sydney Parkinson, landscape artist Alexander Buchan, secretary and artist Herman Spöring, and four field assistants. The Scottish born Sydney Parkinson was known to Banks, having worked with him at the Royal Botanic Gardens at Kew. During the expedition, Parkinson made some 1,300 sketches and watercolours of specimens and landscape views. Initially, Parkinson was able to complete a sketch and watercolour of

his workload dramatically increased after the death of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769. As specimens were

each specimen, however

Mallotus philippensis, plate

308

**Date:** 1983

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

the Pacific was in command of HMB ENDEAVOUR between 1768 and 1771. The Royal Society of London

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each specimen, however his workload dramatically increased after the death of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769.

As specimens were

mailotus polyandenos,

plate 309 **Date:** 1983

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

the Pacific was in command of HMB ENDEAVOUR between 1768 and 1771. The Royal

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**Title:** Banks' Florilegium.

Object number: 00032751

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032754

Title: Banks' Florilegium

масагаnga involucrata,

plate 310 **Date:** 1983

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to the Pacific was in command of HMB **ENDEAVOUR** between 1768 and 1771. The Royal Society of London petitioned King George III for an expedition to Tahiti to view the transit of Venus on 3 June 1769, and to explore the Pacific Ocean. The naturalist Joseph Banks accompanied James Cook on the voyage, and funded the employment of naturalist Daniel Carl Solander, natural history artist Sydney Parkinson, landscape artist Alexander Buchan, secretary and artist Herman Spöring, and four field assistants. The Scottish born Sydney Parkinson was known to Banks, having worked with him at the Royal Botanic Gardens at Kew. During the expedition, Parkinson made some 1,300 sketches and watercolours of specimens and landscape views. Initially, Parkinson was able to complete a sketch and watercolour of

his workload dramatically increased after the death of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769. As specimens were

each specimen, however

Unionanthus axiliaris, plate

205

**Date:** 1982

**Primary Maker:** Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

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As specimens were

continually collected by

Parsonsia veiutina, piate

208

**Date:** 1982

**Primary Maker:** Gerald

Sibelius

Medium: Ink on paper Name: Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

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Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032794

**Title:** Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032851

**Title:** Banks' Florilegium.

ıνιιmuius uveαaiiae, piate

227

**Date:** 1983

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to the Pacific was in command of HMB **ENDEAVOUR** between 1768 and 1771. The Royal Society of London petitioned King George III for an expedition to Tahiti to view the transit of Venus on 3 June 1769, and to explore the Pacific Ocean. The naturalist Joseph Banks accompanied James Cook on the voyage, and funded the employment of naturalist Daniel Carl Solander, natural history artist Sydney Parkinson, landscape artist Alexander Buchan, secretary and artist Herman Spöring, and four field assistants. The Scottish born Sydney Parkinson was known to Banks, having worked with him at the Royal Botanic Gardens at Kew. During the expedition, Parkinson made some 1,300 sketches

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specimens and landscape

views. Initially, Parkinson

sketch and watercolour of

each specimen, however

was able to complete a

josepninia imperatricis,

plate 245 **Date:** 1983

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

the Pacific was in command of HMB ENDEAVOUR between 1768 and 1771. The Royal Society of London

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views. Initially, Parkinson was able to complete a sketch and watercolour of

each specimen, however his workload dramatically increased after the death of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769.

As specimens were

Exocarpos latifolius, plate

294

**Date:** 1983

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

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Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032862

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032871

**Title:** Bank's Florilegium.

Pnyllantnus dallacnyanus,

plate 303 **Date:** 1983

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to the Pacific was in command of HMB ENDEAVOUR between 1768 and 1771. The Royal Society of London petitioned King George III for an expedition to Tahiti to view the transit of Venus on 3 June 1769, and to explore the Pacific Ocean. The naturalist Joseph Banks accompanied James Cook on the voyage, and funded the employment of naturalist Daniel Carl Solander, natural history artist Sydney Parkinson, landscape artist Alexander Buchan, secretary and artist Herman Spöring, and four field assistants. The Scottish born Sydney Parkinson was known to Banks, having worked with him at the Royal Botanic Gardens at Kew. During the expedition, Parkinson made some 1,300 sketches and watercolours of specimens and landscape views. Initially, Parkinson was able to complete a sketch and watercolour of

his workload dramatically increased after the death of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769. As specimens were

each specimen, however

Claoxylon teneritolium,

plate 305 **Date:** 1983

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

the Pacific was in command of HMB ENDEAVOUR between 1768 and 1771. The Royal Society of London

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specimens and landscape views. Initially, Parkinson was able to complete a sketch and watercolour of each specimen, however

his workload dramatically increased after the death of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769.

As specimens were

Denaropium discolor, plate

314

**Date:** 1983

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

Medium: Ink on paper Name: Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

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Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032758

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032796

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Dengropium rigiaum, piate

316

**Date:** 1984

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

Name: Engraving **History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to the Pacific was in command of HMB **ENDEAVOUR** between 1768 and 1771. The Royal Society of London petitioned King George III for an expedition to Tahiti to view the transit of Venus on 3 June 1769, and to explore the Pacific Ocean. The naturalist Joseph Banks accompanied James Cook on the voyage, and funded the employment of naturalist Daniel Carl Solander, natural history artist Sydney Parkinson, landscape artist Alexander Buchan, secretary and artist Herman Spöring, and four field assistants. The Scottish born Sydney Parkinson was known to Banks, having worked with him at the Royal Botanic Gardens at Kew. During the expedition, Parkinson made some 1,300 sketches and watercolours of specimens and landscape views. Initially, Parkinson was able to complete a sketch and watercolour of

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each specimen, however

noya austraiis, piate ZIZ

Date: 1982

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

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Danks and Calandar

нудгорпна ѕансітона, ріате

247

**Date**: 1983

**Primary Maker:** Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

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Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032675

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032684

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Gmeiina macropnyiia piate

253 Data: 1

**Date:** 1983

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

Name: Engraving **History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to the Pacific was in command of HMB **ENDEAVOUR** between 1768 and 1771. The Royal Society of London petitioned King George III for an expedition to Tahiti to view the transit of Venus on 3 June 1769, and to explore the Pacific Ocean. The naturalist Joseph Banks accompanied James Cook on the voyage, and funded the employment of naturalist Daniel Carl Solander, natural history artist Sydney Parkinson, landscape artist Alexander Buchan, secretary and artist Herman Spöring, and four field assistants. The Scottish born Sydney Parkinson was known to Banks, having worked with him at the Royal Botanic Gardens at Kew. During the expedition, Parkinson made some 1,300 sketches and watercolours of specimens and landscape views. Initially, Parkinson was able to complete a sketch and watercolour of

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each specimen, however

Platysace ericoldes, plate

138

**Date:** 1982

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

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Himinius timon, piate 147

**Date:** 1982

Primary Maker: Gerald

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**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

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Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032719

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032727

Title: Banks' Florilegium

rterocaulon serrulatum,

plate 161 **Date:** 1982

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to the Pacific was in command of HMB **ENDEAVOUR** between 1768 and 1771. The Royal Society of London petitioned King George III for an expedition to Tahiti to view the transit of Venus on 3 June 1769, and to explore the Pacific Ocean. The naturalist Joseph Banks accompanied James Cook on the voyage, and funded the employment of naturalist Daniel Carl Solander, natural history artist Sydney Parkinson, landscape artist Alexander Buchan, secretary and artist Herman Spöring, and four field assistants. The Scottish born Sydney Parkinson was known to Banks, having worked with him at the Royal Botanic Gardens at Kew. During the expedition, Parkinson made some 1,300 sketches and watercolours of specimens and landscape views. Initially, Parkinson was able to complete a sketch and watercolour of

his workload dramatically increased after the death of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769. As specimens were

each specimen, however

Goodenia ovata, piate 1/9

Date: 1982

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

the Pacific was in command of HMB ENDEAVOUR between 1768 and 1771. The Royal

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was able to complete a sketch and watercolour of each specimen, however his workload dramatically

increased after the death of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769.

As specimens were continually collected by

Scaevoia caienquiacea,

plate 184 **Date:** 1982

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

the Pacific was in command of HMB ENDEAVOUR between 1768 and 1771. The Royal

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**Title:** Banks' Florilegium.

Object number: 00032596

**Title:** Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032604

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Scaevoia caienquiacea, plate 185

**Date:** 1982

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

Name: Engraving **History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to the Pacific was in command of HMB **ENDEAVOUR** between 1768 and 1771. The Royal Society of London petitioned King George III for an expedition to Tahiti to view the transit of Venus on 3 June 1769, and to explore the Pacific Ocean. The naturalist Joseph Banks accompanied James Cook on the voyage, and funded the employment of naturalist Daniel Carl Solander, natural history artist Sydney Parkinson, landscape artist Alexander Buchan, secretary and artist Herman Spöring, and four field assistants. The Scottish born Sydney Parkinson was known to Banks, having worked with him at the Royal Botanic Gardens at Kew. During the expedition, Parkinson made some 1,300 sketches and watercolours of specimens and landscape views. Initially, Parkinson was able to complete a sketch and watercolour of

his workload dramatically increased after the death of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769. As specimens were

each specimen, however

ormocarpum

cochinchinensis, plate 68

**Date:** 1981

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

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As specimens were

Mucuna gigantea, piate /o

**Date:** 1981

**Primary Maker:** Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

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Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032612

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032628

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Canavalla rosea, plate /8

**Date:** 1981

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

Medium: Ink on paper Name: Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to the Pacific was in command of HMB **ENDEAVOUR** between 1768 and 1771. The Royal Society of London petitioned King George III for an expedition to Tahiti to view the transit of Venus on 3 June 1769, and to explore the Pacific Ocean. The naturalist Joseph Banks accompanied James Cook on the voyage, and funded the employment of naturalist Daniel Carl Solander, natural history artist Sydney Parkinson, landscape artist Alexander Buchan, secretary and artist Herman Spöring, and four field assistants. The Scottish born Sydney Parkinson was known to Banks, having worked with him at the Royal Botanic Gardens at Kew. During the expedition, Parkinson made some 1.300 sketches and watercolours of specimens and landscape views. Initially, Parkinson was able to complete a sketch and watercolour of each specimen, however

increased after the death of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769. As specimens were continually collected by

his workload dramatically

castanospermum austraie,

plate 84 **Date**: 1981

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

Medium: Ink on paper Name: Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

the Pacific was in command of HMB **ENDEAVOUR** between 1768 and 1771. The Royal Society of London

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As specimens were continually collected by Parinari nonda, piate 97

**Date:** 1981

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

Medium: Ink on paper Name: Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

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Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032630

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032631

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Bauera rubiolaes var Microphylia, plate 98

**Date:** 1981

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

Name: Engraving **History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to the Pacific was in command of HMB **ENDEAVOUR** between 1768 and 1771. The Royal Society of London petitioned King George III for an expedition to Tahiti to view the transit of Venus on 3 June 1769, and to explore the Pacific Ocean. The naturalist Joseph Banks accompanied James Cook on the voyage, and funded the employment of naturalist Daniel Carl Solander, natural history artist Sydney Parkinson, landscape artist Alexander Buchan, secretary and artist Herman Spöring, and four field assistants. The Scottish born Sydney Parkinson was known to Banks, having worked with him at the Royal Botanic Gardens at Kew. During the expedition, Parkinson made some 1,300 sketches and watercolours of specimens and landscape views. Initially, Parkinson was able to complete a sketch and watercolour of

his workload dramatically increased after the death of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769. As specimens were

each specimen, however

Bauera capitata, piate 99

Date: 1981

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

the Pacific was in command of HMB ENDEAVOUR between 1768 and 1771. The Royal

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views. Initially, Parkinson was able to complete a sketch and watercolour of

each specimen, however his workload dramatically increased after the death of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769.

As specimens were continually collected by

Drosera pinata, piate 100

**Date:** 1981

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to the Pacific was in

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Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032639

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032647

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Darwina tascicularis, piate

106

**Date:** 1981

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

Name: Engraving **History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to the Pacific was in command of HMB ENDEAVOUR between 1768 and 1771. The Royal Society of London petitioned King George III for an expedition to Tahiti to view the transit of Venus on 3 June 1769, and to explore the Pacific Ocean. The naturalist Joseph Banks accompanied James Cook on the voyage, and funded the employment of naturalist Daniel Carl Solander, natural history artist Sydney Parkinson, landscape artist Alexander Buchan, secretary and artist Herman Spöring, and four field assistants. The Scottish born Sydney Parkinson was known to Banks, having worked with him at the Royal Botanic Gardens at Kew. During the expedition, Parkinson made some 1,300 sketches and watercolours of specimens and landscape views. Initially, Parkinson was able to complete a sketch and watercolour of

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Baeckea impricata, piate

108

**Date:** 1981

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

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Callistemon citrinus, piate

113

Date: 1981 Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

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Object number: 00032531

**Title:** Banks' Florilegium.

Object number: 00032539

**Title:** Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032548

**Title:** Banks' Florilegium.

Cocniospermum giiiivraei,

plate 12 Date: 1980

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to the Pacific was in command of HMB ENDEAVOUR between 1768 and 1771. The Royal Society of London petitioned King George III for an expedition to Tahiti to view the transit of Venus on 3 June 1769, and to explore the Pacific Ocean. The naturalist Joseph Banks accompanied James Cook on the voyage, and funded the employment of naturalist Daniel Carl Solander, natural history artist Sydney Parkinson, landscape artist Alexander Buchan, secretary and artist Herman Spöring, and four field assistants. The Scottish born Sydney Parkinson was known to Banks, having worked with him at the Royal Botanic Gardens at Kew. During the expedition, Parkinson made some 1,300 sketches and watercolours of specimens and landscape views. Initially, Parkinson was able to complete a sketch and watercolour of

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Caiangrinia, piate 20

Date: 1980

**Primary Maker:** Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

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Object number: 00032555

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032559

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032564

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Philotheca saisoiltolla,

plate 33 Date: 1980

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to the Pacific was in command of HMB ENDEAVOUR between 1768 and 1771. The Royal Society of London petitioned King George III for an expedition to Tahiti to view the transit of Venus on 3 June 1769, and to explore the Pacific Ocean. The naturalist Joseph Banks accompanied James Cook on the voyage, and funded the employment of naturalist Daniel Carl Solander, natural history artist Sydney Parkinson, landscape artist Alexander Buchan, secretary and artist Herman Spöring, and four field assistants. The Scottish born Sydney Parkinson was known to Banks, having worked with him at the Royal Botanic Gardens at Kew. During the expedition, Parkinson made some 1,300 sketches and watercolours of specimens and landscape views. Initially, Parkinson was able to complete a sketch and watercolour of

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each specimen, however

Acronycnia iaevis, piate 31

Date: 1980

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

Medium: Ink on paper Name: Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

the Pacific was in command of HMB ENDEAVOUR between 1768 and 1771. The Royal

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petitioned King George III for an expedition to Tahiti to view the transit of Venus on 3 June 1769, and to explore the Pacific Ocean.

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was able to complete a sketch and watercolour of each specimen, however his workload dramatically increased after the death

of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769. As specimens were

continually collected by

Stacknousia monogyna,

plate 42 Date: 1980

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

the Pacific was in command of HMB ENDEAVOUR between 1768 and 1771. The Royal

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Object number: 00032566

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032806

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032698

**Title:** Banks' Florilegium

Leea indica, plate 44

**Date:** 1980

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

Medium: Ink on paper Name: Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to the Pacific was in command of HMB **ENDEAVOUR** between 1768 and 1771. The Royal Society of London petitioned King George III for an expedition to Tahiti to view the transit of Venus on 3 June 1769, and to explore the Pacific Ocean. The naturalist Joseph Banks accompanied James Cook on the voyage, and funded the employment of naturalist Daniel Carl Solander, natural history artist Sydney Parkinson, landscape artist Alexander Buchan, secretary and artist Herman Spöring, and four field assistants. The Scottish born Sydney Parkinson was known to Banks, having worked with him at the Royal Botanic Gardens at Kew. During the expedition, Parkinson made some 1.300 sketches and watercolours of specimens and landscape views. Initially, Parkinson was able to complete a sketch and watercolour of each specimen, however

increased after the death of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769. As specimens were continually collected by

his workload dramatically

Cieroaenarum

floribundum, plate 254

**Date:** 1983

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

Medium: Ink on paper Name: Engraving

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sketch and watercolour of each specimen, however his workload dramatically increased after the death

of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769. As specimens were continually collected by

vittadinia macrorniza,

plate 158 **Date:** 1982

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

Medium: Ink on paper Name: Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

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Object number: 00032707

Title: Banks' Florilegium.

Object number: 00032708

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032724

Title: Banks' Florilegium

neiicnrysum practeatum,

plate 167 **Date:** 1982

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to the Pacific was in command of HMB ENDEAVOUR between 1768 and 1771. The Royal Society of London petitioned King George III for an expedition to Tahiti to view the transit of Venus on 3 June 1769, and to explore the Pacific Ocean. The naturalist Joseph Banks accompanied James Cook on the voyage, and funded the employment of naturalist Daniel Carl Solander, natural history artist Sydney Parkinson, landscape artist Alexander Buchan, secretary and artist Herman Spöring, and four field assistants. The Scottish born Sydney Parkinson was known to Banks, having worked with him at the Royal Botanic Gardens at Kew. During the expedition, Parkinson made some 1,300 sketches and watercolours of specimens and landscape views. Initially, Parkinson was able to complete a sketch and watercolour of

his workload dramatically increased after the death of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769. As specimens were

each specimen, however

Helichrysum elatum, plate

168

**Date:** 1982

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

the Pacific was in command of HMB ENDEAVOUR between 1768 and 1771. The Royal Society of London

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his workload dramatically increased after the death of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769.

As specimens were

Googenia paniculata, piate

181

Date: 1982 Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

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Object number: 00032725

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032732

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032603

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Goodenia pumilio, piate 182

**Date:** 1982

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

Medium: Ink on paper Name: Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to the Pacific was in command of HMB **ENDEAVOUR** between 1768 and 1771. The Royal Society of London petitioned King George III for an expedition to Tahiti to view the transit of Venus on 3 June 1769, and to explore the Pacific Ocean. The naturalist Joseph Banks accompanied James Cook on the voyage, and funded the employment of naturalist Daniel Carl Solander, natural history artist Sydney Parkinson, landscape artist Alexander Buchan, secretary and artist Herman Spöring, and four field assistants. The Scottish born Sydney Parkinson was known to Banks, having worked with him at the Royal Botanic Gardens at Kew. During the expedition, Parkinson made some 1.300 sketches and watercolours of specimens and landscape views. Initially, Parkinson was able to complete a sketch and watercolour of each specimen, however

increased after the death of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769. As specimens were continually collected by

his workload dramatically

Pratia purpurascens, piate

189

**Date:** 1982

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

Medium: Ink on paper Name: Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

the Pacific was in command of HMB **ENDEAVOUR** between 1768 and 1771. The Royal Society of London

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of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769. As specimens were

continually collected by

Erytnrina vespertillo, piate

75

**Date:** 1981

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

Medium: Ink on paper Name: Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to the Pacific was in

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Object number: 00032632

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032640

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032641

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Byplis liniflora, plate 101

**Date:** 1981

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to the Pacific was in command of HMB **ENDEAVOUR** between 1768 and 1771. The Royal Society of London petitioned King George III for an expedition to Tahiti to view the transit of Venus on 3 June 1769, and to explore the Pacific Ocean. The naturalist Joseph Banks accompanied James Cook on the voyage, and funded the employment of naturalist Daniel Carl Solander, natural history artist Sydney Parkinson, landscape artist Alexander Buchan, secretary and artist Herman Spöring, and four field assistants. The Scottish born Sydney Parkinson was known to Banks, having worked with him at the Royal Botanic Gardens at Kew. During the expedition, Parkinson made some 1.300 sketches and watercolours of specimens and landscape views. Initially, Parkinson was able to complete a sketch and watercolour of each specimen, however

increased after the death of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769. As specimens were continually collected by

his workload dramatically

Baeckea impricata, piate

109

**Date:** 1981

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

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views. Initially, Parkinson was able to complete a sketch and watercolour of

each specimen, however his workload dramatically increased after the death of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769.

As specimens were

Leptospermum rapricia,

plate 110 **Date:** 1981

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

Medium: Ink on paper Name: Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

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Object number: 00032643

**Title:** Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032648

**Title:** Banks' Florilegium.

Object number: 00032649

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Leptospermum attenuatum, plate 112

**Date:** 1981

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

Medium: Ink on paper Name: Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to the Pacific was in command of HMB **ENDEAVOUR** between 1768 and 1771. The Royal Society of London petitioned King George III for an expedition to Tahiti to view the transit of Venus on 3 June 1769, and to explore the Pacific Ocean. The naturalist Joseph Banks accompanied James Cook on the voyage, and funded the employment of naturalist Daniel Carl Solander, natural history artist Sydney Parkinson, landscape artist Alexander Buchan, secretary and artist Herman Spöring, and four field assistants. The Scottish born Sydney Parkinson was known to Banks, having worked with him at the Royal Botanic Gardens at Kew. During the expedition, Parkinson made some 1,300 sketches and watercolours of specimens and landscape views. Initially, Parkinson was able to complete a sketch and watercolour of

his workload dramatically increased after the death of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769. As specimens were

each specimen, however

Callistemon viminalis, plate

114

Date: 1981

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

Medium: Ink on paper Name: Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

the Pacific was in command of HMB **ENDEAVOUR** between 1768 and 1771. The Royal Society of London

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each specimen, however his workload dramatically increased after the death of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769.

As specimens were

continually collected by

meiaieuca triymitolia, piate

115

**Date:** 1981 Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

Medium: Ink on paper Name: Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

the Pacific was in command of HMB ENDEAVOUR between 1768 and 1771. The Royal

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Object number: 00032650

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032651

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032652

Title: Banks' Florilegium

меіаieuca angustiтоііа,

plate 116 **Date:** 1981

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to the Pacific was in command of HMB ENDEAVOUR between 1768 and 1771. The Royal Society of London petitioned King George III for an expedition to Tahiti to view the transit of Venus on 3 June 1769, and to explore the Pacific Ocean. The naturalist Joseph Banks accompanied James Cook on the voyage, and funded the employment of naturalist Daniel Carl Solander, natural history artist Sydney Parkinson, landscape artist Alexander Buchan, secretary and artist Herman Spöring, and four field assistants. The Scottish born Sydney Parkinson was known to Banks, having worked with him at the Royal Botanic Gardens at Kew. During the expedition, Parkinson made some 1,300 sketches and watercolours of specimens and landscape views. Initially, Parkinson was able to complete a sketch and watercolour of each specimen, however

his workload dramatically increased after the death of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769. As specimens were meiaieuca quinquenervia,

plate 117 **Date:** 1981

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

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sketch and watercolour of each specimen, however his workload dramatically increased after the death

of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769. As specimens were

continually collected by

meiaieuca viriditiora, piate

118

Date: 1981 Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

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Object number: 00032674

**Title:** Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032574

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032575

Title: Banks' Florilegium

rracnymene procumpens,

plate 137 **Date:** 1982

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to the Pacific was in command of HMB ENDEAVOUR between 1768 and 1771. The Royal Society of London petitioned King George III for an expedition to Tahiti to view the transit of Venus on 3 June 1769, and to explore the Pacific Ocean. The naturalist Joseph Banks accompanied James Cook on the voyage, and funded the employment of naturalist Daniel Carl Solander, natural history artist Sydney Parkinson, landscape artist Alexander Buchan, secretary and artist Herman Spöring, and four field assistants. The Scottish born Sydney Parkinson was known to Banks, having worked with him at the Royal Botanic Gardens at Kew. During the expedition, Parkinson made some 1,300 sketches and watercolours of specimens and landscape views. Initially, Parkinson was able to complete a sketch and watercolour of each specimen, however

his workload dramatically increased after the death of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769. As specimens were віерпагосагуа

involucrigera, plate 49

**Date:** 1981

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

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was able to complete a sketch and watercolour of each specimen, however his workload dramatically

increased after the death of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769.

As specimens were

Oxylobium coraitolium,

plate 50 Date: 1981

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

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Object number: 00032584

**Title:** Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032523

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032524

Title: Banks' Florilegium

ındıgorera trirollata, piate

59

**Date:** 1981

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to the Pacific was in command of HMB **ENDEAVOUR** between 1768 and 1771. The Royal Society of London petitioned King George III for an expedition to Tahiti to view the transit of Venus on 3 June 1769, and to explore the Pacific Ocean. The naturalist Joseph Banks accompanied James Cook on the voyage, and funded the employment of naturalist Daniel Carl Solander, natural history artist Sydney Parkinson, landscape artist Alexander Buchan, secretary and artist Herman Spöring, and four field assistants. The Scottish born Sydney Parkinson was known to Banks, having worked with him at the Royal Botanic Gardens at Kew. During the expedition, Parkinson made some 1,300 sketches and watercolours of specimens and landscape views. Initially, Parkinson was able to complete a sketch and watercolour of each specimen, however

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Date: 1980

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

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As specimens were

nyserpa decumpens, piate

5

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Object number: 00032617

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032618

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032535

**Title:** Banks' Florilegium.

Acacia legnota, piate 89

**Date:** 1981

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

Medium: Ink on paper Name: Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to the Pacific was in command of HMB **ENDEAVOUR** between 1768 and 1771. The Royal Society of London petitioned King George III for an expedition to Tahiti to view the transit of Venus on 3 June 1769, and to explore the Pacific Ocean. The naturalist Joseph Banks accompanied James Cook on the voyage, and funded the employment of naturalist Daniel Carl Solander, natural history artist Sydney Parkinson, landscape artist Alexander Buchan, secretary and artist Herman Spöring, and four field assistants. The Scottish born Sydney Parkinson was known to Banks, having worked with him at the Royal Botanic Gardens at Kew. During the expedition, Parkinson made some 1.300 sketches and watercolours of specimens and landscape views. Initially, Parkinson was able to complete a sketch and watercolour of each specimen, however

increased after the death of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769. As specimens were continually collected by

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Acacia iongitolia, piate 90

Date: 1981

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

Medium: Ink on paper Name: Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

the Pacific was in command of HMB **ENDEAVOUR** between 1768 and 1771. The Royal

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sketch and watercolour of each specimen, however his workload dramatically

increased after the death of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769. As specimens were

continually collected by Danks and Calandar

Polygala minantholdes,

plate 16 **Date:** 1980

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

Medium: Ink on paper Name: Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

command of HMB **ENDEAVOUR** between 1768 and 1771. The Royal

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Object number: 00032537

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032538

**Title:** Banks' Florilegium.

Object number: 00032553

Title: Banks' Florilegium

comesperma secundum,

plate 18 Date: 1980

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to the Pacific was in command of HMB ENDEAVOUR between 1768 and 1771. The Royal Society of London petitioned King George III for an expedition to Tahiti to view the transit of Venus on 3 June 1769, and to explore the Pacific Ocean. The naturalist Joseph Banks accompanied James Cook on the voyage, and funded the employment of naturalist Daniel Carl Solander, natural history artist Sydney Parkinson, landscape artist Alexander Buchan, secretary and artist Herman Spöring, and four field assistants. The Scottish born Sydney Parkinson was known to Banks, having worked with him at the Royal Botanic Gardens at Kew. During the expedition, Parkinson made some 1,300 sketches and watercolours of specimens and landscape views. Initially, Parkinson was able to complete a sketch and watercolour of each specimen, however

his workload dramatically increased after the death of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769. As specimens were comesperma ericinum,

plate 19 **Date:** 1980

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

the Pacific was in command of HMB ENDEAVOUR between 1768 and 1771. The Royal Society of London

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specimens and landscape views. Initially, Parkinson was able to complete a sketch and watercolour of

each specimen, however his workload dramatically increased after the death of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769.

As specimens were

Eriostemon austraiasius,

plate 31 **Date:** 1980

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

Medium: Ink on paper Name: Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

the Pacific was in command of HMB ENDEAVOUR between 1768 and 1771. The Royal

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Object number: 00032554

**Title:** Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032560

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032562

**Title:** Banks' Florilegium

Eriostemon buxitolius,

plate 32 Date: 1980

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to the Pacific was in command of HMB ENDEAVOUR between 1768 and 1771. The Royal Society of London petitioned King George III for an expedition to Tahiti to view the transit of Venus on 3 June 1769, and to explore the Pacific Ocean. The naturalist Joseph Banks accompanied James Cook on the voyage, and funded the employment of naturalist Daniel Carl Solander, natural history artist Sydney Parkinson, landscape artist Alexander Buchan, secretary and artist Herman Spöring, and four field assistants. The Scottish born Sydney Parkinson was known to Banks, having worked with him at the Royal Botanic Gardens at Kew. During the expedition, Parkinson made some 1,300 sketches and watercolours of specimens and landscape views. Initially, Parkinson was able to complete a sketch and watercolour of

his workload dramatically increased after the death of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769. As specimens were

each specimen, however

Micromeium minutum,

plate 38 Date: 1980

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

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specimens and landscape views. Initially, Parkinson was able to complete a

sketch and watercolour of each specimen, however his workload dramatically

increased after the death of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769.

As specimens were

xylocarpus granatum,

plate 40 Date: 1980

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

Medium: Ink on paper Name: Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

the Pacific was in command of HMB ENDEAVOUR between 1768 and 1771. The Royal

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Object number: 00032585

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032586

**Title:** Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032587

Title: Banks' Florilegium

indigorera colutea, plate ou

**Date:** 1981

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to the Pacific was in command of HMB **ENDEAVOUR** between 1768 and 1771. The Royal Society of London petitioned King George III for an expedition to Tahiti to view the transit of Venus on 3 June 1769, and to explore the Pacific Ocean. The naturalist Joseph Banks accompanied James Cook on the voyage, and funded the employment of naturalist Daniel Carl Solander, natural history artist Sydney Parkinson, landscape artist Alexander Buchan, secretary and artist Herman Spöring, and four field assistants. The Scottish born Sydney Parkinson was known to Banks, having worked with him at the Royal Botanic Gardens at Kew. During the expedition, Parkinson made some 1.300 sketches and watercolours of specimens and landscape views. Initially, Parkinson was able to complete a sketch and watercolour of each specimen, however

increased after the death of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769. As specimens were continually collected by

his workload dramatically

indigorera pratensis, piate

61

**Date:** 1981

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** Ink on paper **Name:** Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

the Pacific was in command of HMB ENDEAVOUR between 1768 and 1771. The Royal Society of London

petitioned King George III for an expedition to Tahiti to view the transit of Venus on 3 June 1769, and to explore the Pacific Ocean.

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views. Initially, Parkinson was able to complete a sketch and watercolour of

each specimen, however his workload dramatically increased after the death

of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769. As specimens were Lamprolopium Truitcosum,

plate 62 **Date:** 1981

**Primary Maker:** Gerald

Sibelius

Medium: Ink on paper Name: Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

the Pacific was in command of HMB ENDEAVOUR between 1768 and 1771. The Royal

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Object number: 00032588

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032520

Title: Banks' Florilegium.

Object number: 00032659

**Title:** Banks' Florilegium.

repnrosia reticulata, piate

63

**Date:** 1981

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

Medium: Ink on paper

Name: Engraving **History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to the Pacific was in command of HMB **ENDEAVOUR** between 1768 and 1771. The Royal Society of London petitioned King George III for an expedition to Tahiti to view the transit of Venus on 3 June 1769, and to explore the Pacific Ocean. The naturalist Joseph Banks accompanied James Cook on the voyage, and funded the employment of naturalist Daniel Carl Solander, natural history artist Sydney Parkinson, landscape artist Alexander Buchan, secretary and artist Herman Spöring, and four field assistants. The Scottish born Sydney Parkinson was known to Banks, having worked with him at the Royal Botanic Gardens at Kew. During the expedition, Parkinson made some 1,300 sketches and watercolours of specimens and landscape views. Initially, Parkinson was able to complete a sketch and watercolour of

his workload dramatically increased after the death of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769. As specimens were

each specimen, however

Dillenia alata, piate 1

Date: 1980

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

**Medium:** The engravings are printed in color à la poupée, up to ten colours being worked directly into the single plate before each print is pulled, with additional details added in

watercolour. Name: Engraving

History: James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

the Pacific was in command of HMB **ENDEAVOUR** between 1768 and 1771. The Royal

Society of London

petitioned King George III for an expedition to Tahiti to view the transit of Venus across the sun on 3 June 1769, and to explore the

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the expedition, Parkinson made some 1,300 sketches

and watercolours of specimens and landscape views. Initially, Parkinson

was able to complete a

Syzygium suporpiculare,

plate 125 **Date:** 1981

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

Medium: Ink on paper Name: Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to the Pacific was in

command of HMB **ENDEAVOUR** between 1768 and 1771. The Royal

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Object number: 00032693

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032613

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Object number: 00032627

Title: Banks' Florilegium

Borreria, plate 150

**Date:** 1982

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

Medium: Ink on paper Name: Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to the Pacific was in command of HMB **ENDEAVOUR** between 1768 and 1771. The Royal Society of London petitioned King George III for an expedition to Tahiti to view the transit of Venus on 3 June 1769, and to explore the Pacific Ocean. The naturalist Joseph Banks accompanied James Cook on the voyage, and funded the employment of naturalist Daniel Carl Solander, natural history artist Sydney Parkinson, landscape artist Alexander Buchan, secretary and artist Herman Spöring, and four field assistants. The Scottish born Sydney Parkinson was known to Banks, having worked with him at the Royal Botanic Gardens at Kew. During the expedition, Parkinson made some 1.300 sketches and watercolours of specimens and landscape views. Initially, Parkinson was able to complete a sketch and watercolour of each specimen, however

increased after the death of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769. As specimens were continually collected by

his workload dramatically

Cynometra raminora, piate

85

**Date**: 1981

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

Medium: Ink on paper Name: Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

the Pacific was in command of HMB **ENDEAVOUR** between 1768 and 1771. The Royal Society of London

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views. Initially, Parkinson was able to complete a sketch and watercolour of each specimen, however

his workload dramatically increased after the death of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769.

As specimens were continually collected by Aparema grandifiora, piate

96

**Date:** 1981

Primary Maker: Gerald

Sibelius

Medium: Ink on paper Name: Engraving

**History:** James Cook's first voyage of exploration to

the Pacific was in command of HMB **ENDEAVOUR** between 1768 and 1771. The Royal

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Banks accompanied James Cook on the voyage, and funded the employment of naturalist Daniel Carl Solander, natural history artist Sydney Parkinson, landscape artist Alexander Buchan, secretary and artist Herman Spöring, and

four field assistants. The Scottish born Sydney Parkinson was known to

Banks, having worked with him at the Royal Botanic Gardens at Kew. During

the expedition, Parkinson made some 1,300 sketches and watercolours of

specimens and landscape views. Initially, Parkinson

was able to complete a sketch and watercolour of each specimen, however his workload dramatically

increased after the death of Buchan in Tahiti in 1769.

As specimens were

continually collected by

Banks and Solander, Parkinson resorted to detailed annotated sketches, with the intention of completing the watercolours upon his return to England. However, on the homeward voyage, Parkinson contracted dysentery at Batavia (now Jakarta), and died on 26 January 1771. Upon returning to England, Banks became a preeminent figure in the field of natural history. He later became president of the Royal Society, and was eventually created a baronet. His enormous influence extended beyond natural history, and he corresponded with Pacific missionaries, and advised the British government on the colonial prospects of New South Wales. Despite a bitter battle with Sydney Parkinson's brother Stanfield, Banks refused to relinguish Parkinson's sketches, arguing that as he had employed Parkinson to produce the illustrations, they belonged to him. Banks then employed five artists (Thomas Burgis, John Cleveley, John Frederick Miller, James Miller and Frederick Polydore Nodder) between 1772 and 1778 to complete Parkinson's sketches. He then employed 18 engravers at an enormous cost of

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over £7,000 - to engrave the works onto copper printing plates. Daniel MacKenzie, the principle engraver, produced over 250 engravings. The other engravers were Gerald Sibelius, Gabriel Smith, Charles White. Robert Blyth, Frederick P Nodder, William Tringham, Jabez Goldar, van Drazowa, Thomas Scratchley, John Lee, Jean-Baptiste Michell, William Smith, Edward Walker, John Roberts, Thomas Morris, Bannerman and Francis Chesham. A total of 743 selected engravings were made. Banks intended to publish the works in full colour in a 14 volume folio, however due to other competing interests, the project was put aside. The publication never eventuated and the watercolours and specimens were deposited with the British Museum in 1827 (a part of which later became the Natural History Museum). Over the next 150 years, the engravings were only printed twice -318 of them were published in 1900, and 30 were published in 1973, both times in monochrome. In 1980 Alecto Historical Editions of London, in partnership with the Natural History Museum, began the task of printing the entire collection of original engravings, which took ten

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